



Introducing the new Ofsted Education Inspection Framework (EIF) September 2019

Early Years Inclusion and Childcare Service



The Education Inspection Framework (EIF)

The new framework:



- Places the **curriculum** at the heart of inspection
- No need to produce progress and attainment data 'for Ofsted', helping reduce unnecessary workload
- All children should have access to high quality care and education



The research behind the changes

- The new EIF is informed by research evidence related to the 4 Ofsted judgements
- Ofsted used reviews of existing research and conducted their own
- Some of the research is specific to early years
- The "Overview of Research" document provides a summary of the research evidence used to inform the EIF

 Education inspection framework

 Overview of research



Essential Documents - www.gov.uk



The education inspection framework

Framework for inspections carried out, respectively, under section 5 of the Education Act 2005 (as amended), section 109 of the Education and Skills Act 2008, the Education and Inspections Act 2006 and the Childcare Act 2006

The education inspection framework sets out how Ofsted inspects maintained schools, academies, non-association independent schools, further education and skills provision and registered early years settings in England.



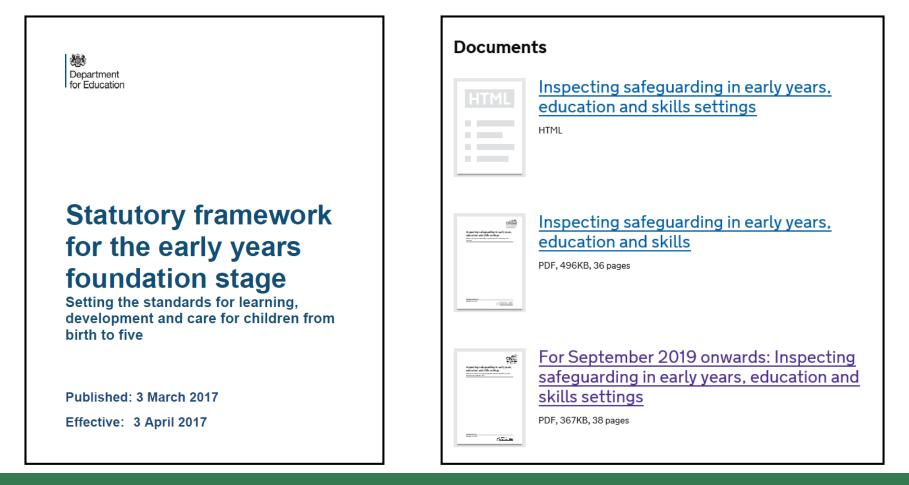
Early years inspection handbook for Ofsted registered provision

Handbook for inspecting early years provision registered by Ofsted in England under sections 49 and 50 of the Childcare Act 2006

This handbook describes the main activities inspectors undertake when they conduct inspections of early years providers in England registered under sections 49 and 50 of the Childcare Act 2006.



Essential Documents – www.gov.uk

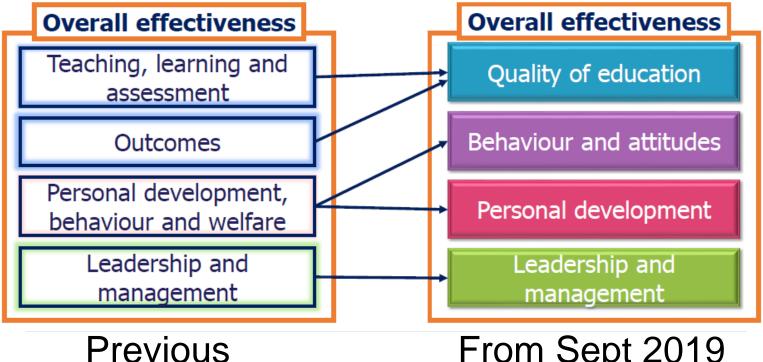




Inspection Judgements

Judgement areas: evolution, not revolution





From Sept 2019



Inspection Judgements





Who does this apply to?

- "We will **apply** the new framework to the inspection of all childminders and childcare on both domestic and non-domestic premises."
- "For those providers who only provide care for children at the beginning and end of the school day or in holiday periods we will not apply the quality of education judgement. Inspectors will only make a 'overall effectiveness' judgement."



Overall effectiveness

- The effectiveness of safeguarding is part of overall effectiveness
- This brings together evidence from all 4 judgements





Quality of Education

The EYFS curriculum

- The EYFS (educational programmes) provides the curriculum framework that leaders build on to decide what they intend children to learn
- Leaders and practitioners decide how to implement the curriculum so that children make progress in the seven areas of learning
- Leaders and practitioners evaluate the impact of the curriculum by checking what children know and can do

Page 31



Quality of education

Intent

Impact

Implementation



Quality of Education

"Cultural capital is the essential knowledge that children need to prepare them for their future success. It is about giving children the best possible start to their early

education."



Early years Inspection Frame for Ofsted registers provision, May 2019 (p.32).



Quality of Education

Cultural Capital

•What the setting does, through its curriculum and interactions, potentially makes **all the difference.**

•It is the role of the setting to ensure that children experience the **awe and wonder** of the world in which they live, through the seven areas of learning.





"Cultural Capital isn't a separate 'thing' that inspectors will look at during inspections. It's more a golden thread, woven through everything you do to teach children well...

Will we be judging you on it separately? No. Will you need to do a cultural capital course? Of course not"

Amanda Spielman, Ofsted National Day Nurseries Association, 2019



Behaviour and attitudes

Inspectors will consider:

- the Characteristics of Effective Learning as part of this judgement
- how well providers work with parents to promote children's attendance
- how the provision helps children to manage their own feelings and behaviour and how to relate to others





Personal development

Grade descriptors:

Outstanding

 Practitioners teach children the language of feelings, helping them to appropriately develop their emotional literacy

Good

 Practitioners provide ... consistent messages about healthy choices around food, rest, exercise and screen time





Leadership and management

"Leaders have a clear and ambitious vision for providing high quality inclusive education ..."

The Education Inspection Framework page 11





Common themes

- Vocabulary, early speech and language, early reading
- Partnership with parents
- Disadvantaged children





Pilot Inspections in Leicestershire

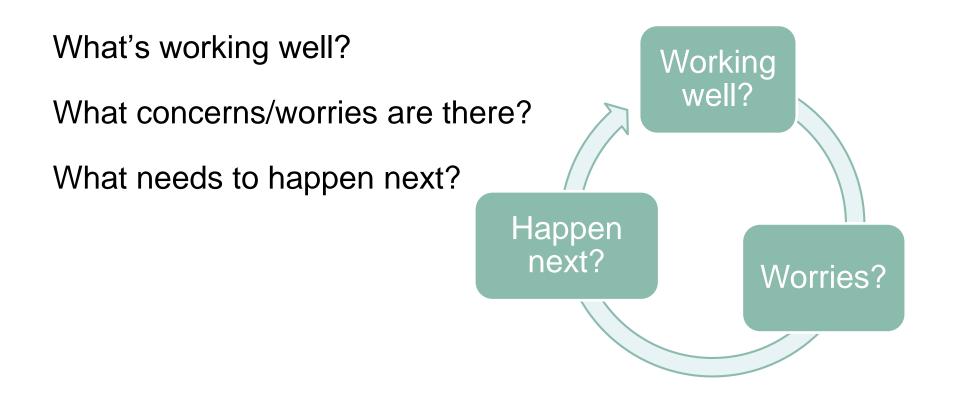
- Carried out in a similar way
- More emphasis on talking with practitioners rather than leaders and managers
- Focus on:
 - Prevent
 - promoting good attendance



- sharing children's learning and development with parents
- supporting the development of children's vocabulary and early reading



Positive practice tool





Early Years Inclusion and Childcare Service

Training is located on eventbrite

https://resources.leicestershire.gov.uk/elc-cpd

eytraining@leics.gov.uk

- Set up an account on Eventbrite
- Click 'FOLLOW'
- Book training sooner rather than later
- Cost of training is heavily subsidised



Early Years Inclusion and Childcare Service

Recruitment of Staff

- Free Service
- <u>https://resources.leicestershire.gov.uk/jobs</u>
 <u>-in-childcare</u>



hungrylittleminds.campaign.gov.uk



Simple, fun activities for kids, from newborn to five

Many little things light up hungry little minds. Kids take everything in, and even the smallest things you do with them can make a big difference.

They love it when you chat, play and read with them, even when they're too young to understand everything. Whatever the time





Top Tips

Planning for pregnancy
- Look after yourself physically and mentally
- this helps to give me the best start

Pregnancy

 Stroke your bump and talk, sing or read to me - this will help me to recognise your voice and feel comforted and loved

Babies

Cive me eye contact and talk to me - the helps me to learn Cuddle me often - the helps me feel saf and loved Respond promptly to my crisis - the helps us to bond - the helps me to be calm too - Owe me characes for turniny time, lying flat and being held upingfle. Just ille you, staying in one position gives unconfortable

Toddlers

Slow down - give me your attention
 Reixs and be patient
 - give me time to respond
 Talk about everyday things with me
 Read books and tell stories with me
 Get down on the floor and play with me

er further help and ideas you could look at Health for under fives www.taiktojourbaby www.taiktojourbaby.org

What to expect when? www.foundationysars.org.uk/ what-to-expect-when

Hungry Little Minds

Building a happy baby - a guide for parents www.unicef.org.uk/babyfriendly/ baby-friendly-resources/ relationship-building-resources/ building-a-happy-baby/

Keeping Kids Safe www.rospa.com/resources/ hubs/keeping-kids-safe

If you are worried about your baby or about yourself, speak with your midwife or public health nusse (health visitor). Produced by Leicestenshire County Council as part of the Leicestenshire Children and Families Partnership Visit wowleicestenshire, gould/LCFP



1001 Critical Days



Your child loves your attention. They like to see your smile and hear you taiking and singing. Try... turning off the TV or putting down your phone and making eye contact each time you interact with your child.



Did you know? When you cuidale your child, it helps them feel safe, secure and loved You can't give your child too many cuidles.

 Try... using different kinds of touch
 cuddling, massaging, stroking and tickling games.



Did you know?

when your child feels stresse they need you to help them trying to be as calm as possil **Try..** finding ways for you and your child to be calm an relaxed together but also tak

Did you know?

From around 8 weeks pregnant your baby responds to touch. By 23 weeks your baby can hear sounds from the outside world.

 By the age of 2 your child's brain is 80% developed.

That is why their first 1001 days are so critical



Did you know? Your child needs you to make life interesting for them. Take time to play - this could be in the garden, the park, the bath, on the floor, at the table.

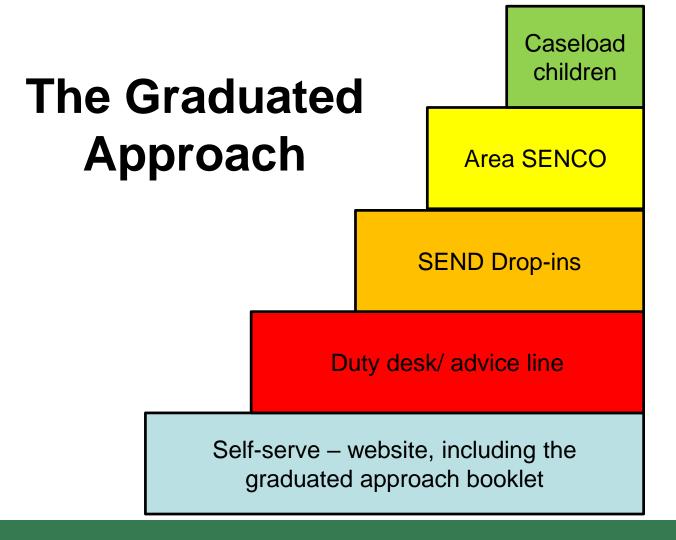
Try... getting down to the same level as your child when you play. Have fun together.



Did you know? Your child loves the sound of your voice and can recognise it even before they are born.

Try... taking turns in pulling faces, playing peekaboo, making sounds and talking with your child. Talk about the everyday things that you do together.







Graduated Approach

Self-serve – website, including the graduated approach booklet



The Graduated Approach Booklet is a document for you to refer to.

cestershire County Council

Speech Language and Communication Needs (SLCN)

SLCH What a child presents with Speech, Law and Law and the second methods in charle, but an oror, law and the charle, but an oror, law and the second methods and second methods and the second methods and second methods and second methods and the second methods and the second methods and second methods and second methods and the second methods and the second methods and the second methods and the second methods and the second methods and second methods and the second method meth

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Inclusive Practice for Children with SEND in

the Early Years - Quality First Teaching

In Having a choice board available so children can choose activities that are not available . Activities should include sensory and tactle play . Your environment needs to be welcoming to children, parents, cares and professionals . Role of the Adult.

note of the values • To be an enabler so that children can access the environment, other adults, peers and learning • To have a good knowledge of third developments to that the assess, plan, do, review model can be followed • Encourage inclusion in all aspects of the day • To champion the children and to be an advocate for their common.

 To plan for reasonable adjustments so children can acc the learning and environment
 Be prepared to be flexible

Supporting Behaviour

Understanding that all behaviour is communication
 Looking intro why behaviour is happening as opportying to tackle the behaviour itself
 Understanding and knowing the child is key
 Ensure all adults are consistent
 Ensure there is a clear structure to the day
 Use positive behaviour structure to the day

carboated Arromach for children with SEND in the early war

Universal Support Meeting in clicit, additional speech, language and communication ready in dynamic hyserodia and speech in capacity clicitoria hyserodia and speech exception of the speech speech speech speech encourage language in regiment values and exception republic speech spee

Targeted SEN Support Below applying for inclusion Funding, or beginning the EHCP process, the expectation is that the SENCD and/or practitioners would carry out the following:

 Individual or small group support //funks throughout the day.
 // Lee of specific objects or reference.
 // Lee of specific objects or reference.
 // Seek training to develop staff know understanding and skills
 // Run an assessment and implemen-plan
 // Refer to SALT for advice and next:

Hoter to SALT to advice and hot steps
 Implement specific individual intervention
 SALT or other professionals
 Support families with DLA applications if
 appropriate

Neview and monitor progress Seek advice from Area SENCO Apply to the Early Years Reternal Panel for additional support from the Early Years SEND Inclusion learn Intrips./iresources.leicestershire.gov.uk/ education-and-children(isarly-years-sennclusion-service)early-years-setting/earta-



Duty desk/ advice line

Available daily 9am-12pm 0116 3057136



Graduated Approach

SEND Drop-ins

These sessions give you the chance to discuss children who may be presenting with some difficulties within the setting. They are attended by a range of professionals.

Date	Time	Venue
1.10.19	1.00 - 4.00pm	Charnwood Arms
3.10.19	1.00 - 4.00pm	Gorse Covert, Loughborough
7.10.19	1.00 - 4.00pm	Harborough Innovation Centre
8.10.19	1.00 - 4.00pm	Hinckley Golf Club
10.10.19	1.00 - 4.00pm	Salvation Army, Wigston



Graduated Approach



The Early Years Improvement Advisors are now also Area SENCOs. Each setting will have a named Area SENCO and have 4 visits throughout the year.

Caseload children When children require more specialist, individualised support, then a referral can be made to the Early Years SEND panel. The new panel form and panel dates for the year are on the website.



Graduated Approach Document

This document should be used to:

- demonstrate best practice in relation to High Quality Teaching
- support early identification and the Graduated Approach to meeting children's needs.
- support consistency within settings, and expectations within this
- support conversations with parents and families
- support the application of Inclusion Funding
- support the writing of targeted SEN plans, support plans and EHCPs



Graduated Approach Document

The document is split into the following sections:

- Speech Language and Communication Needs (SLCN)
- Autistic Spectrum Condition (ASC)
- Social Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH)
- Learning Disability (LD)
- Physical Disability (Phy)
- Hearing Impairment (HI)
- Vision Impairment (VI)
- Medical Need
- Sensory Need

Social Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH)

SEMH

When a child presents with Social, Ernotional and Mental Health Needs, these could include, but are not limited to:

- Children who find it difficult to regulate their behaviours and emotions
- May be withdrawn, overactive and/ or poor concentration
- May have 'triggers' that they respond to
- May present spikey, inconsistent developmental profiles
- May present extreme emotions
- Children who may present with eating or sleeping difficulties
- May find following instructions difficult
- May seek or reject reassurance from an adult
- May partake in self-harm activities
- May struggle to make and maintain friendships

Inclusive Practice for Children with SEND in the Early Years – Quality First Teaching

- · Adjusting language to suit all children's needs
- · Giving children time to process information and respond
- Wherever possible, use visual aids and cues, signing, signs and symbols, objects of reference, Makaton etc
- Create a language rich environment which promotes language development
- A Multi-sensory approach to language is best practice

Environment

Language

- Use visuals within the environment to make every area accessible
- Develop quiet spaces where children can have calming time
- Be aware of over stimulation within your environment, e.g. not too busy displays
- Having a choice board available so children can choose activities that are not available
- · Activities should include sensory and tactile play
- Your environment needs to be welcoming to children, parents, carers and professionals

Role of the Adult

- To be an enabler so that children can access the environment, other adults, peers and learning
- To have a good knowledge of child development so that the assess, plan, do, review model can be followed
- · Encourage inclusion in all aspects of the day
- To champion the children and to be an advocate for their support
- To plan for reasonable adjustments so children can access the learning and environment
- · Be prepared to be flexible

Supporting Behaviour

- · Understanding that all behaviour is communication
- Looking into why behaviour is happening as opposed to trying to tackle the behaviour itself
- · Understanding and knowing the child is key
- · Ensure all adults are consistent
- · Ensure there is a clear structure to the day
- · Use positive behaviour strategies

Universal Support

Meeting the child's additional SEMH needs through:

- · Devising a targeted plan
- Creating appropriate social stories
- Group activities labelling emotions
- Starting a behaviour diary/observations to keep logs
- Social communication groups
- · Implementing visual choices and resources
- · Implementing reward schemes
- Set up a communication book to pass between setting and home
- Positive behaviour strategies and calming language
- Use the Early Learning Guidelines to monitor progress
- Seek unnamed advice from the Duty Desk (0116 305 7136) Monday to Friday 9am- 12pm or the SEND Drop In Events

Targeted SEN Support

Before applying for Inclusion Funding, or beginning the EHCP process, the expectation is that the SENCO and/or practitioners would carry out the following:

- Seek training to develop staff knowledge, understanding and skills
- Adapt daily routines and environments to meet specific needs
- Individual or small group support for a series of 'chunks' throughout the day.
- Undertake and review Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ's) and Boxall profile for the individual
- Support families with DLA applications if appropriate
- · Review and monitor progress
- Seek advice from Area SENCO
- Apply to the Early Years Referral Panel for additional support from the Early Years SEND Inclusion Team





Useful Weblinks

Early Years Inclusion and Childcare

https://resources.leicestershire.gov.uk/education-and-children/earlylearning-and-childcare

ECAT

https://resources.leicestershire.gov.uk/ecat

Prevent

https://www.elearning.prevent.homeoffice.gov.uk/la2/screen1.html

SEND support

https://resources.leicestershire.gov.uk/education-and-children/earlyyears-sen-inclusion-service

Early Years Training

https://resources.leicestershire.gov.uk/elc-cpd

Early Years Jobs

https://resources.leicestershire.gov.uk/jobs-in-childcare